

# Chartered Institute of Government Finance Audit and Risk Officers (Registration number: 1929/001781/08 - NPC / 276-287 - NPO) Trading as CIGFARO

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

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Trading as CIGFARO

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **General Information**

Country of incorporation and domicile	South Africa
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DirectorsDr EN NgcoboPresidentAD TwalaPresident Elect

MC Reddy (Ms) LA Muller (Ms) J Dlamuka A Marais (Ms)

A Sheik (Ms) M Makhongela (Ms)

M Kunene L Sigubudu L Peters (Ms)

M Magida - Eatern Cape Branch Chairperson **Branch Chairperson** D Mkenku (Ms) - Free State M Mgadi (Ms) - Gauteng **Branch Chairperson** S Zakwe - KZN **Branch Chairperson** S Shokane - Limpopo **Branch Chairperson** A Hlongwa - Mpumalanga **Branch Chairperson** S Ruiters - Northern Cape **Branch Chairperson** Vacant- North West **Branch Chairperson** Vacant - Western Cape **Branch Chairperson** 

Past President

Registered office / Postal addres 28 Fortress street

Rhodesfield Kempton Park

1619

Bankers ABSA

Auditors MNB Chartered Accountants Inc

Chartered Accountant (SA)
Registered Auditors
Director: CI Makhubela
38 Boerneef Street
Vorna Valley

Midrand 1686

**Company registration number** 1929/001781/08 - NPC / 276-287 - NPO

Tax reference number 9294007845

**Level of assurance**These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the

disclosure requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa and the IFRS for SMEs Accounting Standards Board. These financials statements have been audited in compliance with the applicable

requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

Preparer The annual financial statements were internally compiled by:

I Kotze

Chief Finance Officer

(Registration number: 1929/001781/08 - NPC / 276-287 - NPO) Trading as CIGFARO Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **General Information**

**Issued** 17 September 2025

(Registration number: 1929/001781/08 - NPC / 276-287 - NPO)

Trading as CIGFARO

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Directors' Responsibilities and Approval**

The directors are required by the Companies Act of South Africa, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the annual financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the Institute as at the end of the financial year 2025 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the IFRs for SMEs Accounting Standards.. The external auditor is engaged to express an independent opinion on the annual financial statements.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with the IFRs for SMEs Accounting Standards, and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the Institute and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the directors set standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the Institute and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the institute's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the Institute is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the Institute. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the Institute endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors have reviewed the Institute's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 March 2026 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the Institute has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditor is responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the company's annual financial statements. The annual financial statements have been examined by the Institute's external auditor and their report is presented on page 6 - 8.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 9 to 20, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the Board on the 17 September 2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors By:

Dr EN Ngcøbo President

A Marais (Ms)

**Audit and Risk Committee Chairperson** 

(Registration number: 1929/001781/08 - NPC / 276-287 - NPO)

Trading as CIGFARO

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Directors' Report**

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the annual financial statements of Chartered Institute of Government Finance Audit and Risk Officers for the year ended 31 March 2025.

#### 1. Review of financial results and activities

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa. The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Institute are set out in these annual financial statements.

#### 2. Auditors

MNB Chartered Accountants are serving their second term as auditors for the Institute for 2026.

#### 3. Events after the reporting period

The directors are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.

#### 4. Going concern

The annual financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern. This basis presumes that funds will be available to finance future operations and that the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities, contingent obligations and commitments will occur in the ordinary course of business.

The directors believe that the Institute has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have satisfied themselves that the Institute is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The directors are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the Institute. The directors are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the Institute.

#### 5. Liquidity and solvency

The directors have performed the required liquidity and solvency tests required by the Companies Act of South Africa.

#### 6. Acknowledgements

Thanks and appreciation are extended to all of our Members, Committee members, Chairpersons, Shareholders, Staff, Suppliers and Sponsors for their continued support of the Institute.

The annual financial statements set out on page 9, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the on 17 September 2025, and were signed on its behalf by:

Approval of annual financial statements

Dr EN Ngcobo President

Wednesday, 17 September 2025

A Marais (Ms)

Audit and Risk Committee Chairperson Wednesday, 17 September 2025

S Zakwe KZN Chairperson SCRAF

Wednesday, 17 September 2025



**MNB Chartered Accountants Inc.** 

Hertford Office Park, Building G 90 Bekker Road Vorna Valley Midrand 1686

Tel: +27 11 025 9908 Fax: +27 86 657 6349

Email: <a href="mailto:info@mnbca.co.za">info@mnbca.co.za</a>
Web: <a href="mailto:www.mnbca.co.za">www.mnbca.co.za</a>

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Chartered Institute of Government Finance Audit and Risk Officers

#### Report on the Audit of the Annual Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the annual financial statements of Chartered Institute of Government Finance Audit and Risk Officers set out on pages 9 to 20 which comprise of the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2025, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the annual financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the annual financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Chartered Institute of Government Finance Audit and Risk Officers as at 31 March 2025, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in *the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors' *Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors* (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the corresponding sections of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including International Independence Standards). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the document titled "Chartered Institute of Government Finance Audit and Risk Officers Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025", which includes the Director's Report and Detailed Income Statement. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the annual financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the annual financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the annual financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Audit	Tax	Accounting	Consulting
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Email: <a href="mailto:info@mnbca.co.za">info@mnbca.co.za</a>
Web: <a href="mailto:www.mnbca.co.za">www.mnbca.co.za</a>

#### Responsibilities of the Directors for the annual financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the organisation or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the annual financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the annual financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Audit Tax	Accounting	Consulting
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• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

MNB Chartered Accountants Anc.
MNB Chartered Accountants Inc.

Cathrine Itumeleng Makhubela

Director

Registered Auditor

17 September 2025

Midrand

(Registration number: 1929/001781/08 - NPC / 276-287 - NPO) Trading as CIGFARO

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2025

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2025	2024
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	13,055,394	13,431,615
		13,055,394	13,431,615
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Trade and other receivables	3	2,077,178	1,770,573
Prepayments	4	2,009,513	3,366,938
Cash and cash equivalents	5	22,047,170	20,550,581
		26,133,861	25,688,092
Total Assets		39,189,255	39,119,707
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity			
Retained income		38,238,534	37,880,603
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	6	455,328	539,802
Income received in advance	7	495,393	699,302
		950,721	1,239,104
Total Equity and Liabilities		39,189,255	39,119,707
Total Equity and Liabilities		39,189,255	39,11

Chartered Institute of Government Finance Audit and Risk Officers
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Trading as CIGFARO Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2025	2024
Revenue - CPD Activities	8	24,829,204	20,530,115
Cost of sales - CPD Activities	9	(17,893,198)	(11,678,596)
Gross surplus		6,936,006	8,851,519
Other income	10	1,500,676	1,444,943
Operating expenses	11	(10,156,793)	(7,613,176)
Operating surplus / (Loss)		(1,720,111)	2,683,286
Investment revenue		2,113,977	1,667,628
Surplus for the year		393,866	4,350,914

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# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

Figures in Rand	Retained income	Total equity
Balance at 01 April 2023	33,529,689	33,529,689
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	4,350,914	4,350,914
Total comprehensive income for the year	4,350,914	4,350,914
Balance at 01 April 2024	37,880,603	37,880,603
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	393,866	393,866
Total comprehensive income for the year	393,866	393,866
Balance at 31 March 2025	38,274,469	38,274,469

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# **Statement of Cash Flows**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash receipts from customers Cash paid to suppliers and employees		26,104,780 (26,643,500)	20,783,200 (21,902,027)
Cash used in operations Interest income	16	(538,720) 2,113,976	(1,118,827) 1,667,628
Net cash from operating activities		1,575,256	548,801
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	2	(43,669)	(128,931)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Total cash movement for the year Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<b>1,531,587</b> 20,550,581	<b>419,870</b> 20,130,711
Total cash at end of the year	5	22,082,168	20,550,581

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Trading as CIGFARO

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the IFRs for SMEs Accounting Standards., and the Companies Act of South Africa. The annual financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis (accrual accounting), and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

#### 1.1 Significant judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

#### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Management are required to make critical judgements in applying accounting policies from time to time. The judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the annual financial statements, are outlined as follows:

#### 1.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the Institute holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period.

An item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Institute, and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the institute and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in surplus or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the Institute.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Depreciation rate
Buildings	Straight line	2.5%
Furniture and fixtures	Straight line	20%
Office equipment	Straight line	20%
IT equipment	Straight line	33.3%

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised in surplus or loss unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset.

Depreciation is not charged to an asset if its estimated residual value exceeds or is equal to its carrying amount.

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.2 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Where major components of an item of property, plant and equipment have significantly different patterns of consumption of economic benefits, the cost of the asset is allocated to the components and they are depreciated separately over each component's useful life.

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

Impairment tests are performed on property, plant and equipment when there is an indicator that they may be impaired. When the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed to be higher than the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or loss to bring the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount. Changing of the live spam of assets be disclose by lowering acccululated depreciation of the class of assets the effect of the change on assets, liabilities, income and expense for the current period. If it is practicable for the entity to estimate the effect of the change in one or more future periods, the entity shall disclose those estimates.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in surplus or loss when the item is derecognised.

#### 1.3 Financial instruments

#### Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through surplus or loss) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of twelve months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### Financial instruments at amortised cost

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction. Prepayments consist of various payments that have been made in advance for goods and services to be received in future. Prepayments are measured at amortised cost, and are derecognised when the goods and services to which the prepayment relate have been received.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or loss.

#### Financial instruments at cost

Equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably without undue cost or effort are measured at cost less impairment.

#### Financial instruments at fair value

All other financial instruments, including equity instruments that are publicly traded or whose fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, without undue cost or effort, are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

If a reliable measure of fair value is no longer available without undue cost or effort, then the fair value at the last date that such a reliable measure was available is treated as the cost of the instrument. The instrument is then measured at cost less impairment until management are able to measure fair value without undue cost or effort.

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# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.4 Leases

#### Finance leases - lessor

Finance lease receivables are measured at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

Finance income is recognised using the effective interest method.

#### Finance leases - lessee

Finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments.

The lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability using the effective interest method.

#### Operating leases - lessor

Operating lease income is recognised as an income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless:

- another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the benefit from the leased asset, even if the receipt
  of payments is not on that basis, or
- the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation (based on published indexes or statistics) to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

#### Operating leases - lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless:

- another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the benefit from the leased asset, even if the
  payments are not on that basis, or
- the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation (based on published indexes or statistics) to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

Any contingent rents are expensed in the period they are incurred.

### 1.5 Employee benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as leave pay and sick leave, bonuses are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

#### **Termination benefits**

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense with its resulting liability when the entity is demonstrably committed either:

- to terminate the employment of an employee or group of employees before the normal retirement date; or
- to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made in order to encourage voluntary redundancy.

The termination benefits are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

### 1.6 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the Institute has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership has rendered services under an agreement provided the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Institute. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes and discounts.

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# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.6 Revenue (continued)

Membership fees are recognised on a cash basis, under other income and all other revenue on accrual basis, based on: When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of service can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with transactions is recognised by reference to stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. The outcome of a transaction can be estamated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- \* the amount of revenue can be measured;
- \* it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the institute;
- \* the stage of completion of the transaction at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably;
- \* the cost incurred for the transaction and the cost to complete the transaction can me measured reliably.

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Trading as CIGFARO

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Notes to the Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand	2025	2024

### 2. Property, plant and equipment

		2025			2024	
	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
Land	120,000	-	120,000	120,000	-	120,000
Buildings	15,869,098	(3,365,208)	12,503,890	15,869,098	(2,968,481)	12,900,617
Furniture and fixtures	656,963	(522,258)	134,715	656,963	(561,582)	95,381
Office equipment	352,083	173,956	178,120	351,167	(166,258)	184,909
IT equipment	400,726	(282,067)	118,669	357,057	(226,349)	130,708
Total	17,398,870	(3,995,577)	13,055,394	17,354,285	(3,922,670)	13,431,615

#### Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2025

	Opening balance	Additions	Impairment & disposals	Depreciation	Usefull life ammendments	Closing balance
Land	120,000	-	-	-	-	120,000
Buildings	12,900,617	-	-	(396,727)	-	12,503,890
Furniture and fixtures	95,381	4,087	(465)	(66,228)	101,940	134,127
Office equipment	184,909	-	` -	(46,649)	39,867	178,127
IT equipment	130,708	43,669	-	(86,156)	30,448	118,669
	13,431,615	47,756	(465)	(595,760)	172,255	13,055,394

### Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2024

	Opening balance	Additions	Impairment & disposals	Depreciation	Closing balance
Land	120,000	-	· -	-	120,000
Buildings	13,297,343	-	-	(396,726)	12,900,617
Furniture and fixtures	2,514	_	(380)	93,247	95,381
Office equipment	138,901	48,900	(17,112)	14,219	184,909
IT equipment	103,030	80,031	(17,153)	(35,199)	130,708
	13,661,788	128,931	(34,645)	(324,459)	13,431,615

### 3. Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables	865,720	385,064
Deposits	28,038	28,038
SARS receivables	· <del>-</del>	264,949
Interest on Investments - Receivable (accrued)	1,183,420	1,092,522
	2,077,178	1,770,573

#### Trade and receivables reconciliation - Provision for impairment

#### Calculation of Trades receivables:

	865,720	385,064
Less Provision for impairment	(1,021,976)	(795,694)
Trade receivables	1,887,696	1,180,758
Calculation of Trades receivables.		

The debtors for CPD activities grow due to more activities presented and more delegate attendance, therefore the impairment had to be adjusted

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Notes to the Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand	2025	2024
4. Prepayments		
Annual Conference deposits for venue seccurity	-	2,205,759
Annual Audit Risk Indaba deposits for venue security	1,801,604	422,986
Annual Public sector Finance Seminar deposits for venue security		384,876
Annual Governmet Finance IT Seminar deposits for venue security	100,109	95,147
Annual Eswatini seminar KZN Branch seminar deposits for venue security	107,800	95,100
Limpopo Branch seminar deposits for venue security	_	147,570
Trust deposit - attoney consultant	_	15,500
•	2,009,513	3,366,938
5. Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Cash on hand	11,288	13,370
Bank balances	570,878	2,572,211
Short-term deposits	21,465,004	17,965,000
	22,047,170	20,550,581
6. Trade and other payables		
Trade payables	93,128	113,113
Provision - bonus (thirteenth cheque)	126,567	80,954
VAT	1,998	440.405
Provision SARS VAT account SARS payables	- 18,373	142,185
Provision for leave - leave accrued value	215,262	203,550
Transfer for four of destrated value	455,328	539,802
7. Income received in advance		
Income received in advance, mainly for the Public Sector Audit and Risk	495,393	699,302
Seminar		
	495,393	699,302
8. Revenue from CPD activities		
Annual Conference	10,560,003	11,701,685
Public Sector Audit and Risk Indaba	3,626,405	2,054,559
Public Sector Accounting Seminar mSCOA NT Project	1,230,938 4,123,169	755,310 1,598,406
Regional workshops	4,123,169 4,981,287	3,842,021
PFMA workshop	135,617	5,572,021
Other general CPD activities	171,784	578,134
	24,829,203	20,530,115

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Notes to the Annual Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand	2025	2024
9. Cost of CPD sales		
CPD activities costs		
Annual Conference	5,616,907	6,597,745
Public Sector Audit and Risk Indaba	2,281,944	480,600
Public Sector Accounting Seminar	687,602	414,632
mSCOA NT Project	3,949,358	843,782
Regional workshops General CPD Training	5,065,590 291,795	2,718,508 632,329
<u> </u>	17,893,196	11,687,596
10. Other income		
	4.550	
Profit with additional asset retrieved	4,552	967.022
Membership fees income earned Sundry income	831,087 22,022	867,032
Rental income	595,578	546,912
CIGFARO Publication income	47,437	30,999
	1,500,676	1,444,943
44 Operating synapses		
11. Operating expenses		
Operating expenses include the following expenses:		
Loss on sale of assets and liabilities (impairment / Writing Off)	-	34,645
Depreciation	423,505	324,459
Employee costs	5,057,546	3,545,789
Research and development costs	408,657	
12. Auditor's remuneration		
Fees	190,291	230,000
13. Employee cost		
Employee costs		
Basic	4,378,867	3,032,616
Performance bonus	170,515	203,044
UIF	19,009	14,784
WCA	4,865	7,822
SDL Wagne	48,895	34,835
Wages Leave pay provision adjustment	37,906 11,712	1,117 (69,442)
Bonus (13#) provision adjustment	45,613	80,954
Cell phone & data allowance	167,250	178,200
Leave paid to employees	172,914	69,681
	5,057,546	3,545,789
14. Depreciation, amortisation and impairments		
The following items are included within depreciation, amortisation and impairments:		
Depreciation Property, plant and equipment	423,505	324,459
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	120,000	<u> </u>

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Notes to the Annual Financial Statements**

	2025	2024
14. Depreciation, amortisation and impairments (continued)		
Impairments		
Property, plant and equipment	-	34,645
Total depreciation, amortisation and impairments Depreciation	423,505	324,459
Impairments	425,505	34,645
	423,505	359,104
15. Taxation		
15. Taxation		
No Provision for taxation has been made as the Institute is exempt from Tax in tern ncome Tax Act, 1962.	ns of the section 10(1)(d)(i	v)(bb) of the
6. Cash used in operations		
Net surplus before taxation	393,866	4,350,914
Adjustments for:	400 505	004.400
Depreciation, amortisation, impairments and reversals of impairments Sain / Loss on sale of assets and liabilities	423,505 4,552	324,460 34,645
Bad dept movement	194,872	34,040
	•	(1 667 628
nvestment income	(2,113,976)	(1,667,628
nvestment income Changes in working capital:	(2,113,976)	• • • •
nvestment income  Changes in working capital: (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	•	(355,063
Investment income  Changes in working capital: (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in income received in advance	(2,113,976) (306,605)	(355,063 (2,848,590
nvestment income  Changes in working capital: (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase) decrease in prepayments (Increase) decrease) in income received in advance	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114
nvestment income  Changes in working capital: (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase) decrease in prepayments (Increase) decrease) in income received in advance	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975)	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,451
nvestment income Changes in working capital: Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in income received in advance Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975) (288,384)	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,451
nvestment income Changes in working capital: Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in income received in advance Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables  17. Related parties	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975) (288,384)	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,451
nvestment income Changes in working capital: Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in income received in advance Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables  17. Related parties	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975) (288,384)	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,452
Changes in working capital: Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in income received in advance Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables  17. Related parties  Compensation paid to key management (ICEO L Nolte & CFO I Kotze)	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975) (288,384)	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,45 <sup>2</sup> (1,118,827
Changes in working capital: (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase) decrease in prepayments (Increase) decrease in prepayments (Increase) decrease) in income received in advance (Increase) in trade and other payables  17. Related parties  Compensation paid to key management (ICEO L Nolte & CFO I Kotze)  Basic Salaries	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975) (288,384) (538,720)	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,451 <b>(1,118,827</b> 1,421,786 84,270
Investment income Changes in working capital: (Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in income received in advance Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables  17. Related parties Compensation paid to key management (ICEO L Nolte & CFO I Kotze)  Basic Salaries Performance Bonus Cell phone & Data allowances	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975) (288,384) (538,720)  1,647,954 232,212 54,000	(1,667,628 (355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,451 (1,118,827 1,421,786 84,270 53,100
Changes in working capital: Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables Increase) decrease in prepayments Increase (decrease) in income received in advance Increase (decrease) in trade and other payables  17. Related parties Compensation paid to key management (ICEO L Nolte & CFO I Kotze)  Basic Salaries Performance Bonus	(2,113,976) (306,605) 1,357,425 (203,975) (288,384) (538,720)	(355,063 (2,848,590 (106,114 (851,451 (1,118,827

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Detailed Income Statement**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2025	2024
Revenue - CPD Activities			
Annual Conference		10,560,003	11,701,685
Public sector Audit and Risk indaba		3,626,405	2,054,559
Public sector Finance Seminar		1,230,938	755,310
mSCOA NT project		4,123,169	1,598,406
General CPD activities		171,784	125,380
Branch workshops		4,981,288	3,842,021
Government ICT for Finance		-	452,754
PFMA workshop		135,617	-
	8	24,829,204	20,530,115
Cost of sales - CPD Activities			
Direct costs		(17,893,198)	(11,678,596)
	9	(17,893,198)	(11,678,596)
Gross surplus		6,936,006	8,851,519
Other income			
Membership Fees earned		831,087	867,032
Sundry income		22,022	-
Rental income		595,578	546,912
CIGFARO publication income		47,437	30,999
Gains on previous disposal of assets		4,552	
		1,500,676	1,444,943
Operating expenses (Refer to page 22)		(10,156,793)	(7,613,176)
Operating surplus / (Loss)		(1,720,111)	2,683,286
Investment income		2,113,977	1,667,628
Surplus for the year		393,866	4,350,914

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Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

# **Detailed Income Statement**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2025	2024
Operating expenses			
Auditors remuneration	12	(190,291)	(230,000)
Bad debts provsion adjustment		(497,000)	(666,099)
Bank charges		(66,310)	(23,313)
Cleaning & refreshments		(33,719)	(20,753)
Consulting and professional fees		(628,371)	(132,995)
Depreciation, revaluations, amortisation and impairments		(423,505)	(517,185)
Employee costs		(5,057,546)	(3,593,661)
Meeting expenses		(234,521)	(96,424)
Sundry expenses		(37,553)	(43,140)
IT infrastructure expenses		(552,814)	(578,482)
Insurance		(123,069)	(106,324)
Legal expenses (HR professionals)		(35,354)	(27,100)
CIGFARO publications		(141,974)	(144,889)
Municipal utilities		(251,555)	(192,200)
Postage		(22,526)	(23,043)
Printing and stationery		(11,788)	(27,600)
Loss / gain on sale of write off & impairment of assets		49,852	(34,645)
Marketing professionalisation & membership		(613,006)	(611,953)
Repairs and maintenance		(43,125)	(31,100)
Research and development costs		(408,657)	-
Membership secretarial fees		(4,463)	(40,413)
Security		(28,401)	(42,954)
Staff Training		(13,675)	(32,326)
Travel - local		(205,975)	(110,752)
Travel - overseas		(581,447)	(549,178)
		(10,156,793)	(7,613,176)