

### Chartered Institute of Government Finance, Audit & Risk Officers (CIGFARO)

"Reviewing the Fundamentals of Public Finance in a Changing World"

Disaster Management in a world affected by Climate Change

Mr. Johann Mettler, City Manager City of Tshwane

# Disaster Risks: Understanding Climate Change Impact



- Climate change is reshaping the risk landscape: more frequent, intense, and unpredictable disasters.
- Public finance systems are under unprecedented strain: balancing immediate disaster response with long-term resilience investments.
- Effective disaster management is now inseparable from sustainable public financial management

#### The Evolving Nature of Disaster Risks



- Escalating frequency & severity: Heatwaves, floods, wildfires, droughts are no longer exceptions but recurring realities.
- Compound & cascading risks: One disaster triggers others (e.g., drought → food insecurity → social unrest).
- Urban vulnerability: Rapid urbanization amplifies exposure, especially in informal settlements and underserved areas.
- Technological dimension: Digital platforms enable early warning but cyber risks can disrupt emergency systems.





- Unplanned expenditure: Emergency relief often diverts funds from planned development budgets.
- Rising recovery costs: Post-disaster rebuilding absorbs significant portions of public finance.
- Insurance and risk financing gaps: Many countries lack robust disaster risk financing mechanisms.
- Fiscal sustainability challenges: Recurrent disasters undermine debt stability and long-term investment planning.



## Integrating Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) into Governance Frameworks

- Mainstreaming DRR in policy: Embedding risk assessments into public investment decisions.
- Resilient infrastructure planning: Climate-proofing schools, hospitals, transport, and water systems.
- Transparent budgeting: Allocating clear budget lines for disaster preparedness and climate adaptation.
- Cross-sector coordination: Chief Financial Officer working with environment, housing, and emergency services.





- First responders: Municipalities are closest to communities, often the first line in disaster response.
- Community-driven preparedness: Building local awareness, early warning networks, and volunteer systems.
- Decentralized finance: Equipping local governments with resources and decision-making power for rapid response.
- Public-private partnerships: Leveraging local businesses in logistics, supply chains, and innovation.





- Capacity building: Training for public officials in financial risk management and disaster response.
- Digital transformation: Smart technologies for forecasting, monitoring, and coordinating relief.
- Flexible financial instruments: Contingency funds, catastrophe bonds, and climate insurance pools.
- Accountability & transparency: Ensuring resources reach vulnerable communities efficiently.
- Adaptive service delivery: Health, education, and emergency services designed for continuity during crises.





- Disasters are not "exceptions" but recurring budget realities.
- Proactive investment in resilience is fiscally smarter than reactive spending on recovery.
- Local governments are essential actors in implementing disaster financing and preparedness.
- Strengthened institutions, flexible financing, and community engagement ensure both financial stability and human security.



### THANK YOU